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| **Name (in Romaji):** | 🡪 |
| **Student Number:** | 🡪 |
| **Class Day + Period (examples: Monday 2, Friday 3):** | 🡪 |

**Philosophy Quiz 25 – The Philosophy of Sartre**

**ONLY** write or type the letter or letters of your answer (for example: A, B, C, etc.) for each question to the right of the arrows. **DO** **NOT** include anything else for your answer.

(25.1) 🡪

(25.2) 🡪

(25.3) 🡪

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Score: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / 3

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| (25.1) |  | Sartre shares with Kierkegaard the idea that: | |
|  |  | [A] | God has devised a plan within which man’s purpose lies. |
|  |  | [B] | man must put his faith in God’s purpose for man. |
|  |  | [C] | man must create God by his own choice in order to know the meaning and purpose of life. |

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| (25.2) |  | Sartre shares with Kierkegaard the idea that: | |
|  |  | [A] | meaning in life is based upon no one’s free choices and commitments. |
|  |  | [B] | we must entrust ourselves to take a “leap of faith” to a higher power. |
|  |  | [C] | human beings are condemned to be free. |

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| (25.3) |  | According to Sartre, to live in “bad faith” is to: | |
|  |  | [A] | choose a conventional path in life. |
|  |  | [B] | choose a religious path in life. |
|  |  | [C] | refuse the anguish that goes along with meaning that one chooses in life. |
|  |  | [D] | refuse to answer to God for the sins that one has committed. |